THE Nº. 56.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, *May* 20, 1746.

FLORENCE, February 1.

THE Regency has received Notice, that the Republic of Genoa had given Orders to Mr. Paperini, the Emperor's Agent there, to leave their State within three Days, without telling the motive of that Order: Notice thereof is ſent this Evening to Vienna. The Spaniards have a large Magazine at Bologna, and have ſent ſeveral Cannon to Parma, with an Intent, as they give out, to beſiege the Caſtles of Modena and Mirandola, in order to have a free Communication with the Eccleſiaſtic State. They are at preſent poſted at Guaſtalla and St. Benedette, and are making Diſpoſitions to prevent the Imperial Army, expected from Germany, from paſſing the Po.

Paris, Jan. 3. The Treaty of Dreſden has thrown us all here into Confuſion; we are now convinced, that the Views of a Proteſtant Prince, who underſtands his own Intereſt, can in no Senſe coincide with ours. Cardinal Tencin is at his Wit's End; and all the Prieſts are hard at Work in counting their Beads, mumbling over their Rofaries, and curſing the Proteſtant Politics of the King of Pruſſia with Bell Book and Candle. Now the King begins to open his Eyes, and is convinced, that by endeavouring at the Acquiſition of Great-Britain for the Pretender, we are in a fair Way of loſing again our conquered Towns in Flanders. The Court ſees plain enough our Trade is entirely ruin'd by the War; yet talks in a very high Strain. M. de Buſſy always told them what would be the Event, but was therefore repreſented by the Cardinal as a Britiſh Penſioner; and Marſhal Belliſle is not look'd upon in a much better Light.

Hague, Feb. 18. Affairs begin to look here with a very encouraging Aſpect. A Courier is juſt arrived from Prince Waldeck, with an Account of his being joined by about 14000 of the German Reinforcements, and he expected 9000 more the next Day. He has drawn out of Mechlin and Antwerp about 6000 Men; which, with the Body he had with him, amounting to about 12000 more, he is determin'd to attack Count Saxe in his Camp; who is not only weakened by Deſertion and Sickneſs, but has not been able to fortify his Lines. Our Men, he ſays, are in the higheſt Spirits, and there is hardly any Reaſon to doubt of his Succeſs, as the Marſhal cannot be reinforced by any of the ſeparate Bodies, without leaving the Communication open between us and Namur, Mons, and Charleroy; which if they do, we ſhall not only thereby further augment our Army, but likewiſe coop up the French in a Nook of Brabant, and cut off all their Communication with the Troops which are marching to reinforce them. This Advice has given new Life and Spirits to the States; and they begin now to think with the People, that to declare War, is better than to be at Peace on the Conditions which Polyphemus offered to Ulyſſes, only to be devoured at laſt. The French have broke into the only Treaty that bound us to them by Intereſt; they ſeem thereby to force us into a Declaration of War, whether we will or no: And the Generality of the People are as deſirous we ſhould declare, as the French can be for the Souls of them.

Amſterdam, Feb. 9. They write from Liſbon, that the Engliſh Admiral Medley had brought into that Port a Spaniſh Man of War of 70 Guns and 500 Men, bound from La Vera Cruz to Cadiz. It is ſaid to be worth 7 Millions of Cruſades. It is thought to be one of thoſe that ſet out from the Havannah with Admiral Reggio.

Williamſtadt, Feb. 23. We have Advice here by Mr. Chalmers, Lieutenant in Sconen's Regiment, in this Service, that this Morning at 9 o' Clock he had met with and ſpoke to the Major of Naſſau's Dragoons, late of the Garriſon of Bruſſels; who had told him, that he was ſent Expreſs to the Hague by General Vander Duyn, to bring the States the News, that on the 19th the Garriſon of Bruſſels had capitulated; that the Conditions were, that the Garriſon were to be Priſoners of War, their Arms to be depoſited in the Arſenal of Bruſſels, 'til they were exchanged; the Baggage belonging to the Garriſon was to be ſent to Antwerp, Breda, and Maeſtricht. The Britiſh Horſe, and Grenadier-Guards are on board, and the Blue Guards are now embarking. [*London Gazette.*]

Edinburgh, Feb. 3. After the uncommon Fatigue which his Royal Highneſs the Duke had undergone, in his expeditious Journey to this City, none expected a ſpeedy march of the Troops; yet to every one's Surprize, he diſpatched the Buſineſs of the Army, and marched it in leſs than 24 Hours after his Arrival: The whole Troops were in motion on Friday at Five o' Clock in the morning, and expreſſed the greateſt Eagerneſs to attack the Rebels. General Huſke led the Van; and his Royal Highneſs ſet out, ſoon after the Artillery paſſed thro' this City, in the Earl of Hoptoun's Coach, amidſt a prodigious Crowd, who expreſſed their Satisfaction by repeated Acclamations of Joy, and Prayers for his Succeſs: At a quarter of a mile's Diſtance, his Royal Highneſs mounted his Horſe, and was ſoon up with the Army, which lay that Night at Linlithgow. The Rebels call'd in their ſtraggling Parties, and ſeem'd to prepare for a general Engagement, which was expected as on Saturday; no Time was loſt, for early that morning the Artillery mov'd, together with Lord Cobham's and our Troops of Lord Mark Ker's Dragoons, which were all the Horſe that had joined; Ligonier's and Hamilton's being left to patrole near this City. The Quickneſs of this motion, and the Alertneſs of the Army, equally ſurprized and terrified the Rebels; and that morning having blown up their Powder Magazine in the Church of St. Ninian's, they fled with the greateſt Precipitation, without the leaſt Regularity; and made ſuch Haſte, that they got to the North Side of the Forth, by the Ford of the Frew, the ſame Night.

The Argyleſhire Highlanders, and the Dragoons under Brigadier Mordaunt, purſued them, and took poſſeſſion of Sterling, where they found the Rebels Cannon, *&c.* On Sunday his Highneſs

Highneſs entered that Town, and was ſaluted by a triple Diſcharge of the great Guns from the Caſtle, which he had ſo ſeaſonably relieved.

Such a ſpeedy Deliverance to the South part of Scotland was beyond Expectation; and the inimitable Bravery of his Royal Highneſs, who has freed the better Half of North-Britain from Oppreſſion, Slavery, Rapine, and Blood, in the ſhort Space of three Days, will be ever gratefully acknowleged by all the Friends of Liberty.

The gallant Defence which General Blakeney had made of Sterling Caſtle, reflects the higheſt Honour on that Gentleman, as it was ſo important a Service to this Country, and tended to weaken and diſcourage the Rebels. It is pretty certain, that during the Siege he kill'd 500 of them.

The Rebels publiſh'd a Proclamation at Sterling, offering a Reward to any who would diſcover the Author of that damnable Lie, that the Perſon commonly called the Duke of Cumberland, was arrived in Scotland: So apprehenſive they were that their Army would fly, on the Approach of that illuſtrious young Hero.

The Hazard Sloop ſailed from Montroſe on the 27th of laſt Month, and is ſuppoſed to be gone to the Northward, to take up the Pretender's Son ſomewhere; poſſibly about the Place where he landed.

It is reported, that one or two more French Ships have lately arrived, with Money and military Stores, at Peter-head; of which, and the Flight of the Rebels towards the Eaſt Coaſt, Intelligence has been ſent to Admiral Byng.

Feb. 12. On Sunday laſt was apprehended at the Caſtle of Drummond, the Ducheſs Dowager of Perth, and came to this City Yeſterday in a Coach, attended only by her Gentlewoman and guarded by a Troop of Dragoons; ſhe was committed priſoner to the Caſtle, as is likewiſe the Viſcounteſs of Strathallan.

Monday laſt ſeveral of the Miniſters of this City, and Preſbytery, went to the Abbey of Holy-Rood Houſe, to congratulate his Highneſs the Prince of Heſſe on his Arrival here.

Briſtol, Jan. 4. Laſt Friday was brought into Blackney in Norfolk, the Ducheſs Penthievre Privateer, Capt. Gabriel Andibert, in a ſhatter'd Condition, having loſt all her Maſts and Sails. She was taken off Calais by the York Privateer, Capt. Groſvenor.

LONDON.

January 4. One of the Cruizers belonging to Admiral Vernon's Squadron, has ſunk a large French Sloop Privateer, within a Quarter of a Mile of Boulogne.

The Induſtry Privateer, belonging to Granville (a Sea-Port in the Province of Normandy in France) of ſix 12 Pounders, four of 6 Pounders, and 6 Swivel Guns, having 105 Men on board, is taken by the Jamaica Sloop of War, and brought into Mount's Bay, in Cornwall.

Jan. 14. Two Dutch Ships, from Galway for Amſterdam, are taken by the French, and carried into Dunkirk.

The Ipſwich, Goodlie, from Virginia to London, and the Alexander from Boſton, are taken and carried into Bayonne.

Jan. 15. The Eſſex, Ellis, from Virginia for London, is taken by the French, and carried into St. Malo's.

Jan. 16. The Three Brothers, Johnſon, from Maryland for London, is taken and carried into St. Sebaſtian's.

Admiralty-Office, Jan. 22. Capt. Cotes of his Majeſty's Ship the Edinburgh, who arrived at Plymouth the 19th Inſtant, took the Night before a new French Privateer of 32 Guns and 275 Men, called the Duke de Chartres, 20 Leagues to the Southward of the Lizard, and has brought her in with him.

Jan. 24. The Great-Britain Privateer, Capt. Wilſon, ran aſhore at Graveſend, and was overſet, and is feared will be loſt.

By the Liſbon Mail there are Letters of the 25th of January, N. S. which ſay, that his Majeſty's Ship the Lark, Capt. Wickham, with part of the Trade from Newfoundland, arrived there the 25th of December, N. S. and the next Day the Hector, Capt. Cornwall, arrived there with the Remainder.

Feb. 3. We hear that a Spaniſh Regiſter Ship is taken by one of our Men of War, and carried into Gibraltar.

Feb. 6. Yeſterday came Advice, that the Hannibal Privateer of Briſtol was ſunk, after a ſtout Engagement, by a French Man of War of 70 Guns; 6 of the Privateer's Hands were killed in the Engagement, and the reſt were taken up by the Man of War and carried into Breſt.

St. James's, February 10. This Day his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, and the Right Honourable the Earl of Harrington, reſigned into his Majeſty's Hands the Seals of their reſpective Offices of principal Secretaries of State.

'Tis ſaid the Right Honourable Henry Pellam, Eſq; will reſign, as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Alſo, that the Earl of Winchelſea will be appointed one of the Secretaries of State,

Sir John Bernard Chancellor of the Exchequer, And

The Earl of Carliſle Firſt Lord Commiſſioner of the Admiralty.

Feb. 11. Letters from Edinburgh ſay, that the Pretender's Son is ſo ill of a Flux, that at the Time he quitted Sterling, he was ſo weakened as not to be able to move, but by the Aſſiſtance of two People that ſupported him; whence it is concluded that we ſhall ſoon hear he is either dead or taken.

They add likewiſe, that ſome Perſons of great Diſtinction, conſidering the Situation into which, by their own Temerity and Folly, they have brought themſelves, have reſolved to ſurrender to the King's Officers as they advance Northward, and throw themſelves on the Royal Mercy.

It is ſaid that there will not be any Britiſh Troops ſent abroad, till ſuch Time as the Dutch ſhall declare War againſt France.

We hear from Paris, that the Countenance of their Court is ſtrangely altered of a ſudden, on Advice, that the young Pretender, inſtead of being a Conqueror, is deſerted by his Army, and has hid himſelf in ſome obſcure Part in the North of Scotland, till he can find a ſafe Paſſage over to France. They are at the ſame Time advertiſed, that the Germans, by forc'd Marches, will ſoon be aſſembled together in Brabant, in order to attack Count Saxe in his Trenches. And from Italy, that the Allied Army, inſtead of acting offenſively, are preparing to retreat into the Genoeſe Territories. No Body dare inform the King of all this bad News. Cardinal Tencin is retired into his Chamber, and has given Orders, that none but M. de Argenſon be admitted: They are all in Conſternation at this ſudden Change, and wait impatiently the certainty of the News.

Our laſt Advices from Stirling aſſure us, 350 Deſerters from Lord John Drummond's Regiment, were come into that Place, and that Jenny Cameron, who has been of late ſo much talked of, is actually a Priſoner there.

Feb 17. On Tueſday was held a Board of Admiralty, at which, as we are inform'd, a Reſolution was taken to ſend out two Ships of 50 Guns, two of 40, and three of 20 Guns each, to cruize before St. Malo, and in the Bay of Biſcay, for the Safety of the Britiſh Commerce, which has ſuffer'd exceedingly of late, eſpecially within theſe two Months paſt.

We hear, that Lord Lewis Gordon, who has been very vigorous in raiſing large Sums of Money, under pain of Military Execution, from the poor People of Scotland; upon his being applied to by the Pretender's Receivers, for the Cash, declared "That he ſhould only Pay a Part of it for the Preſent, and "when their Cauſe had a better Face, he would deliver up the "Remainder, For now, ſays he, It is high Time to think for "My ſelf.——'Tis ſaid he has collected together 30,000l.

Feb. 18. Cap. Mitchel being appointed Commodore of the Squadron of Men of War in the Downs, Admiral Mayne ſtruck his Flag in the Princeſs Louiſa, on Friday laſt.

St. James's, Feb. 14. This Day the Right Honourable the Earl of Granville resign'd the Seals into his Majesty's Hands, which his Majesty was pleased to redeliver to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, and to the Right Honourable the Earl of Harrington, his Majesty's two Principal Secretarys of State.

They write from Gottenburgh, that one third Part of the Town is reduced to Ashes, and the Fire not yet extinguished, but they hope soon to be Masters of it. There are four Persons imprisoned, who are suspected to be Incendiaries.

London February 18. Yesterday it was currently reported, that Brussels was actually in the Hands of the French, But, the Supplement to the Rotterdam Dutch Courant of the 22d, contains an Article from Antwerp of the 21st. giving an Account of a grand Assault upon Brussels, in which the Enemy were repulsed with great Loss.

The Particulars are, in Substance as follows:

The Garrison of Brussels having made several successful Sallies with great Courage, in which they had Slaughter'd many of the Besiegers, and nail'd up their Cannon, the Day before Yesterday a great Shout was heard from the City, which made it thought the Besieged had proposed to capitulate: But Yesterday in the Evening the important News came to the Prince of Waldeck, that the French, who had demanded a Suspension of Arms for 24 Hours to bury their Dead, Yesterday Morning, when not above 10 of the Hours were past, made a furious general Storm with three Brigades, in order to render themselves Masters of the Place Sword in Hand; but the Garrison being alarmed, placed some Cannon loaded with small Shot against the Breach and made so good a Defence, that the Assailants were obliged to retire with the Loss of between 3 or 4000 Men: That Sallies were made at the same Time from two Gates, which took the Enemy in Flank, and made great Slaughter, while another Party ruined most of their Batteries and nail'd up their Cannon: So that the Firing discontinued. Upon this good Fortune all the Bells in Brussels were set a Ringing, and Te Deum was sung.

The Prince of Waldeck upon receiving this News, ordered all the Troops to be in readiness to march, and they were to march that Night and the next Morning, in order to give the Enemy Battle, and raise the Siege; so that in a few Days very great News is expected.

Some private Accounts say, that the Loss of the French in this Siege amounted to 7 or 8000; and that the Sick and Wounded were carried so fast into Ghent, that the Inhabitants wanted Room.

Last Saturday Night died, at his House in Hanover-Square, upwards of 60 Years of Age, the Hon. Martin Bladen, Esq; of Alburyhatch in the County of Essex, Member of Parliament for Portsmouth, and one of the Commissioners for Trade and Plantations.

Their Lordships have ordered two Ships of 40 Guns, and two of 20 Guns, to cruise off the West Part of Scotland, near the Isles of Mull and Skie, to watch the Flight of the Rebels.

Spoken extempore by a Soldier the Day after he received a Flannel Waistcoat, thro' the Bounty of some of the People call'd Quakers.

THIS Friendly Waistcoat keeps my Body warm,
Intrepid now I march, and fear no Harm;
Beyond a Coat of Mail, a sure defender!
Proof against Pope, the De—l and Pretender:
The Plad of no such Pow'r can boast,
Arm'd thus, I'll plunge the foremost in their Host;
Exert my utmost Art, my utmost Might,
And fight for those, whose Creed forbids to fight.

From the Barbados Gazette, April 9.

A Sloop that arrived here last Thursday Evening, met a Week before at Sea with the Woolwich Man of War, which had met with a Vessel from Bristol, that had fell in with the Snow Happy (which had been surprized and taken by the Rebels) in Company with a Privateer that had retaken her, off Cape-Clear. The Captain of the Privateer told the Captain of the Bristol Man to publish in the West-Indies, that he had been very lucky in his Capture, for that the Pretender's eldest Son, and his chief Attendants, were his Prisoners on board.—We hope this may be confirm'd, as it is said to be of a later Date, than our Packet could bring.

We hear that some Letters by the last Packet advised that Commodore Knowles had taken two Transport Vessels off Ostend having on Board 600 Irish Soldiers under Fitz James, and five thousand Pounds Cash, design'd for Scotland.—That it was mention'd by the Dutch Mail, that the Pretender's Son safely arriv'd in France.

That the King of Prussia has openly declar'd to the French Minister that he will most vigorously oppose France in every Measure she takes, to destroy the proper and just Ballance that ought to be inviolably preserv'd in every State, and that his Troops should be employed to regain and secure the frontier Places in Flanders. It is rumour'd that there have been thoughts of making the King of Prussia Stadtholder of Holland.

BOSTON, April 23.

By an Express last Saturday from the Westward, we have an Account of an Attack made by the Indians on a new Township called Upper Ashuelot, That the Enemy were about 60, who were discover'd in their Approach by the Garrison early in the Morning; whereupon the Men went out to meet them, and fought, which gave most of the Inhabitants time to get into the Garrison; so that there was only an old Man and a Woman kill'd, and one man missing, suppos'd to be taken captive. One of our men being abroad, was surprized by the Indians, and submitted by laying down his Gun; but the Indian who pursued, and (as it were) taken him, coming up to him with his Hatchet lift up to kill him, he thereupon, being resolute, struck the Indian with his Fist such a Blow on the Temple, as laid him on the Ground; which gave him Opportunity to recover his Gun, and make his Escape, which he did to the Garrison. They burnt 3 or 4 Houses and a Barn, before they were beat off; and it is supposed one of the Indians was killed, a Gun and a Blanket much blooded having been found.

We hear from N°. 4, a new Township to the Westward, that three Men, with a Team of 4 Oxen, having been at a Saw-mill to fetch Boards, were surprized by a Party of Indians, and the Men being missing, are supposed to be kill'd or made Prisoners, the Oxen being found dead with their Tongues out.

We have Advice from Casco-Bay, that the Indians have burnt some Out-houses there; and that the Inhabitants are daily alarmed by the Enemy.

Extract of a Letter from Louisbourg, dated Feb. 26.

The Night after the 20th Instant, a most surprizing Event happened in this Place. A violent Gust of Wind and Snow Storm arose, which shipwreck'd almost all the Vessels in the Harbour; and among other Damages done in the City, the General's House did not escape, but a great Part of its Roof was blown down. On the Evening before it was clear Weather, and no Symptoms of a Stormy Night; yet before Morning the whole Harbour was block'd up with Ice and Snow, so that it was all as firm Land. The greater Sort of Seals and monstrous Sea Cows were trapann'd thereby and left their Watery Element, for fear of being drowned. The Whalemen who were posted at the Island Battery drove near a Dozen of those Sea Cows on Shore alive, on that Fortress. Many of them were

almost

almoſt thrice the Bigneſs of a large Horſe. Their Skins are about an Inch thick; and ſome of thoſe Sea Animals will make more than a Barrel of Oil. Their Teeth, or rather Horns, were about a Foot in Length, and are ſome of the fineſt Ivory in the World. The *French* ſay there was never ſuch a Sight ſeen here before. And, what was very affecting and awful, the Force of the Wind and Sea drove the Ice ſo hard againſt the Walls of the Iſland Battery, that it burſt open the Gates (tho' barr'd with Iron) and tore up the dead Corps in their Coffins which were buried on that Battery, and theſe were ſeen jamm'd in the Ice, in one Place and another, as People now walked all over the Harbour in Safety, as on Terra Firma.

ANNAPOLIS.

On Friday laſt, *Hester Grant*, *James Horney*, and *Esther Anderſon*, were Executed at *Cheſter* in *Kent* County, purſuant to their Sentence, for the Murder of their late Maſter. The Men were Hang'd, the Woman Burn'd. They died penitent, acknowledging their Crimes, and the Juſtice of their Puniſhment.

The Bodies of the Five Sailors, who were Drowned a Fortnight ago, were all found drove aſhore laſt Week, near this Place.

Cuſtom-Houſe, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,

Ship Williams-Gally, Henry Harriſon, from Philadelphia.

Cleared,

Sloop Kent, James Earle, for Boſton;

Ship Aurora, Robert Pickeman, for London.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cecil County, *Maryland.* WHEREAS ſeveral Lots in *Charles-Town*, in the ſaid County, are forfeited for want of building thereon, according to the Act of Aſſembly in that Caſe made and provided; the Commiſſioners for ſaid Town do hereby give Notice, that to the Intent the late Proprietors of ſaid Lots, ſo forfeited, may have an Opportunity to renew or take up again their ſeveral and reſpective Lots, that they the ſaid Commiſſioners will meet at *Charles-Town* aforeſaid, on Friday the 20th Day of *June* next; at which Time and Place any Perſon or Perſons, whoſe Lots are forfeited, may renew their Titles thereto, on paying to the Commiſſioners the Sum of 50 *s.* Current Money, (being the like Sum firſt paid at Ballotting thereof,) which Renewal will entitle them by Law to three Years longer Time, for building on and ſaving their ſaid Lots. And the ſaid Commiſſioners do further give Notice, that all ſuch forfeited Lots, not again renewed or taken up by the firſt Proprietors aforeſaid, on the Day aforeſaid, will be diſpoſed of to any other Perſon, in ſuch other Manner as may ſeem to the ſaid Commiſſioners moſt for the Benefit and Advantage of the ſaid Town; and as the Laws relating to the ſaid Town direct.

AT the Subſcriber's, in the City of *Annapolis*, may be had, an infallible Cure for a Scald-Head of any ſort, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, as can be atteſted by many Perſons who have known the true value of it. No Cure, no Money.

KENDRICK WHEELER.

To be SOLD *by the Subſcriber at her Houſe*, in Annapolis, VERY good *Weſt-India* Rum, at 7 *s.* and 6 *d.* *per* Gallon.

CATHARINE PRICHARD.

AT the Subſcriber's, at *Weſt-River*, is to be diſpoſed of a Number of choice Cows and Calves, very reaſonably.

MARY WATKINS.

Juſt Publiſhed,

THE VOTES and PROCEEDINGS of the laſt Aſſembly. Sold by the Printer hereof, Price 5 *s.*

Hunting-Creek, Virginia.

THE Place where Mr. *John Pagan* formerly liv'd and kept his Store, is now to be Let to any Perſon in Trade, it being commodiouſly ſituated at the Head of the aboveſaid Creek; with all Houſes neceſſary for a trading Perſon, good Paſturage, *&c.* Any Perſon inclining to take the ſaid Place, by enquiring of the Subſcriber, who lives near it, may be informed on what Terms.

JOHN WEST.

ALL Perſons indebted to Mr. *James Johnſon*, late of *Annapolis*, Merchant, are deſired to pay off their reſpective Ballances to the Subſcriber, or give Notes for the ſame: otherwiſe may expect immediate Trouble, without further Notice.

Alſo all Perſons in this Province indebted to *Neall Buchanan*, Eſq; late of *London*, Merchant, deceaſed, are deſired to pay off their reſpective Ballances: And any Perſon having made Remittances to his Executors, ſince the 10th of *April*, 1745, are deſired to acquaint the Subſcriber thereof, he having a Power of Attorney from them, with a Copy of each Man's Account duly proved; which will prevent further Trouble to them, and

ROBERT SWAN.

Mr. GREEN,

IN *September* laſt I was called before the Lower Houſe of Aſſembly, to anſwer unto a Complaint exhibited by a certain *William Fowler*, (or ſome of his Abettors) and for want of an Order which I had unfortunately miſlaid, and he the ſaid *Fowler* ſo baſe as to deny the Giving of (notwithſtanding I offered to make Oath of the ſame) was run to the Expence of Twenty Pounds and upwards, Cenſured, and Reprimanded in the following manner, *viz.* "It appears to this Houſe, that "you, as a Juſtice of *Calvert* County, in the Caſe of *William Fowler*, in relation to a Note of his, put into your "Hands by Mr. *James Weems*, for 485 Pounds of Tobacco, "did miſapply 306 Pounds of Tobacco paid by the ſaid "*Fowler* to the Rev. Mr. *James Williamſon* at your requeſt, "in part of the ſaid Note, and afterwards granted a Warrant "and gave Judgment againſt him for the whole; and not-"withſtanding the Payment aforeſaid, *&c.* It may be neceſſary to acquaint the World, how ſuch an Order came to be given (tho' indeed it ſpeaks for it ſelf,) the ſaid *Fowler* was indebted to myſelf and Mr. *Boyce*, in Company, Forty odd Shillings, which we often preſs'd him for, and he, to diſcharge the ſame, gave the Order as aforeſaid, now as I had the good luck a few Days paſt to find it, have ſent it you, to deſire you will inſert it, genuine as it is, together with this my requeſt, in your Gazette, which may in ſome meaſure recover my Character, unjuſtly called in queſtion.

Yours, &c.

May 20, 1746. THOMAS IRELAND, Junior.

Sir,

Please to pay unto Meſſieurs Ireland *and* Boyce, *or Order, the Sum of Three Hundred and Six Pounds of Tobacco, it being a Ballance due to me (paid you by Capt.* William Holland *of Hogſhead Tobacco)*

per WILLIAM FOWLER.

May 12, 1744.

To the Rev. Mr. James Williamſon.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Poſt-Maſter, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertiſements are taken in, and all Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper.